

Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program

Keeping children healthy and in school









Pantawid Pamilya Rigorous Impact Evaluations

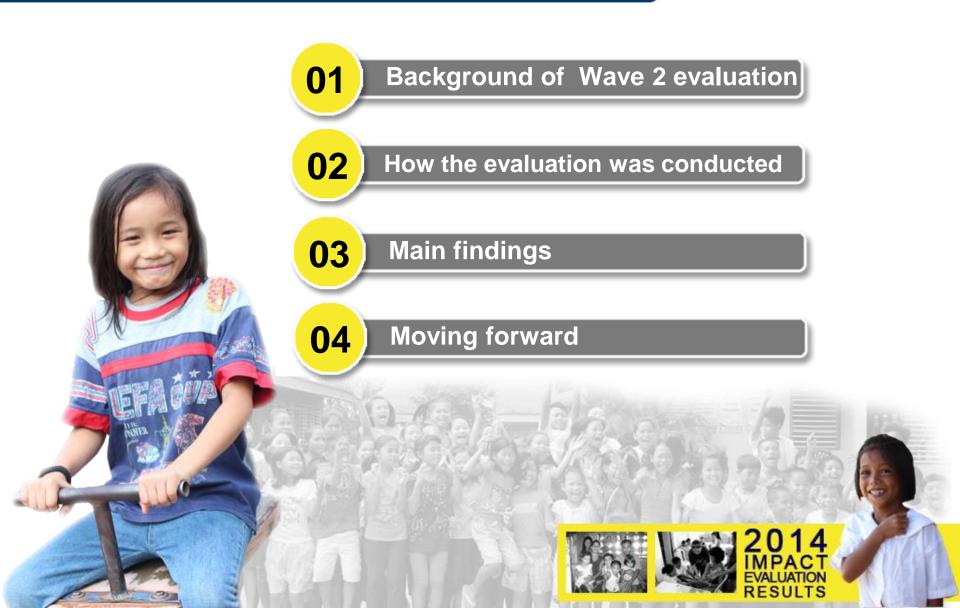
- Wave 1 Randomized Control Trial Design (2012)
 - Compared beneficiaries in communities randomly assigned into treatment and control
- Wave 2 Regression Discontinuity Design (2014)
 - Compared households just above (treated) to households just below (control) the eligibility (poverty) threshold

Qualitative difference of the two designs

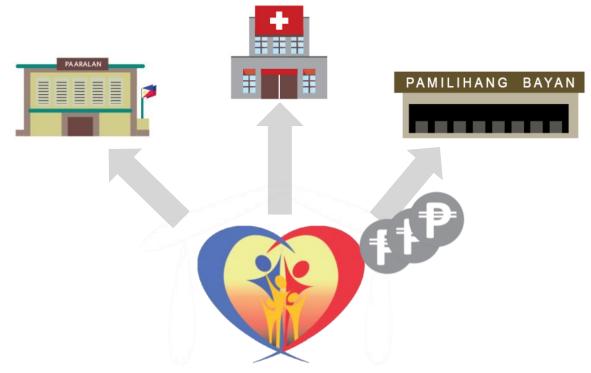
- RCT: poor vs poor
- RDD: poor vs non-poor near the poverty threshold
- Wave 3 expected completion 2016



TODAY'S PRESENTATION



Are our investments translating into results?



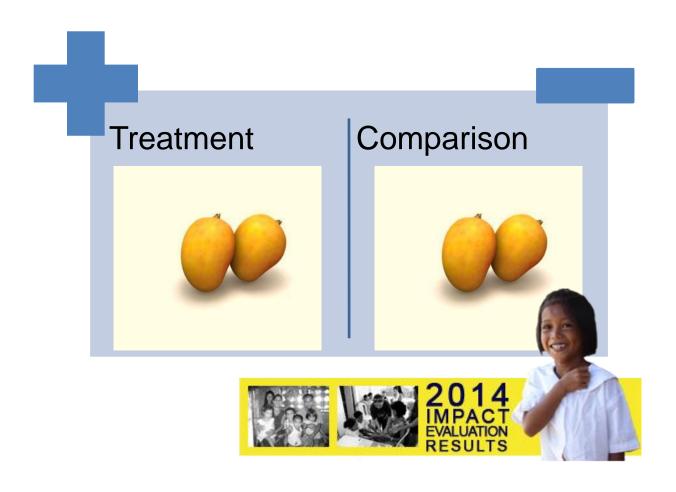
2014: **4.1M** Households

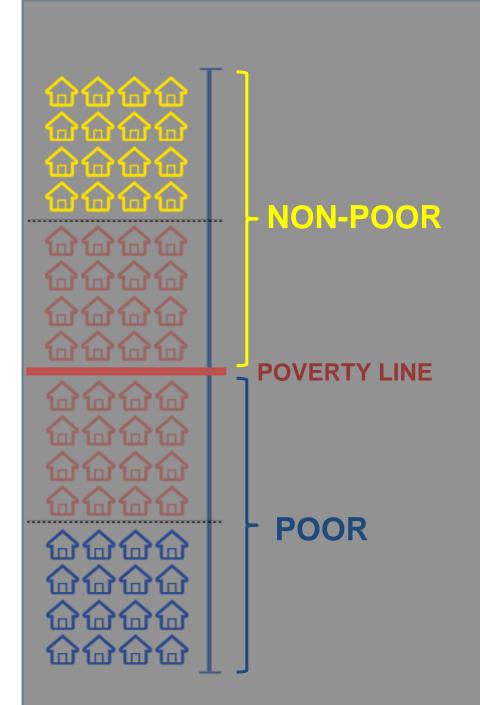




How the evaluation was conducted

Evaluation requires comparing similar households before intervention

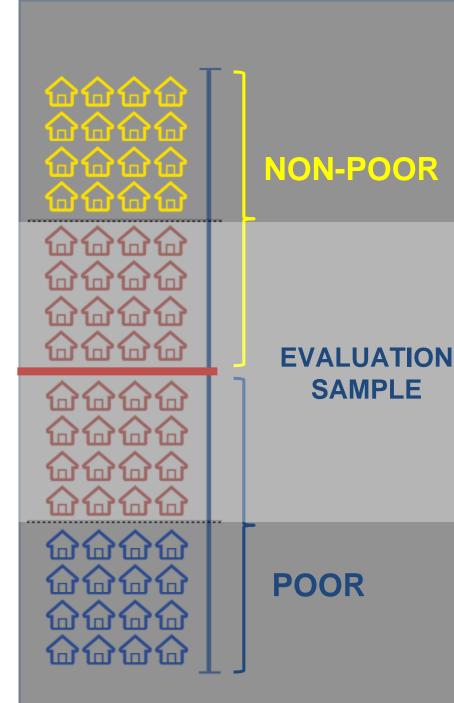




Discontinuity Design

Through *Listahanan*, arrange households using their PMT score to identify poor (eligible) and non-poor (non-eligible) households





Discontinuity Design

Compare outcomes for households just *above* and *below* the program cut-off (poverty threshold) point



How the evaluation was conducted



NATIONWIDE Survey

5,041 nouseholds surveyed

(in 26 provinces)

*Survey was done by Social Weather Stations from October to December 2013









More Pantawid Pamilya mothers deliver babies in health facilities



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70%



56%

Non Pantawid Pamilya Households

More Pantawid Pamilya mothers deliver babies in health facilities





7 in 10 births

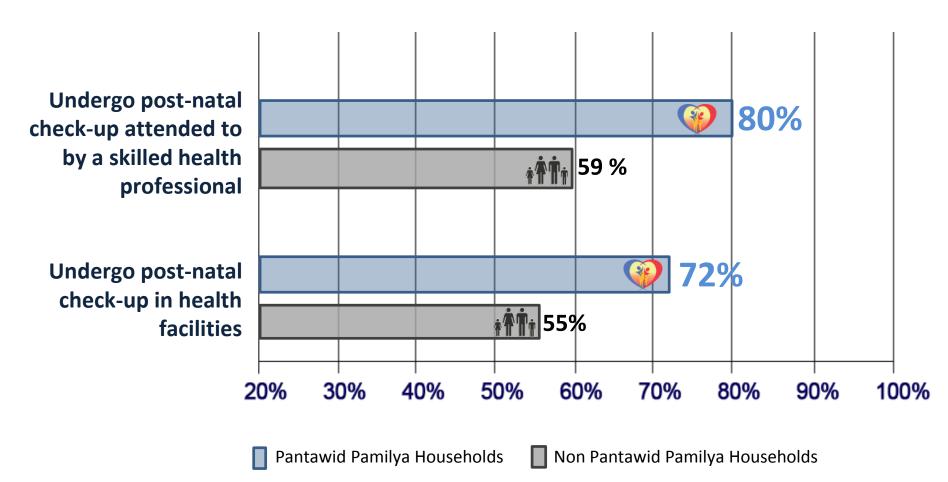
incidence for Pantawid Pamilya

5.5 in 10 births

2013 national estimate from NSO

More Pantawid Pamilya mothers avail of post-natal check up in health facilities

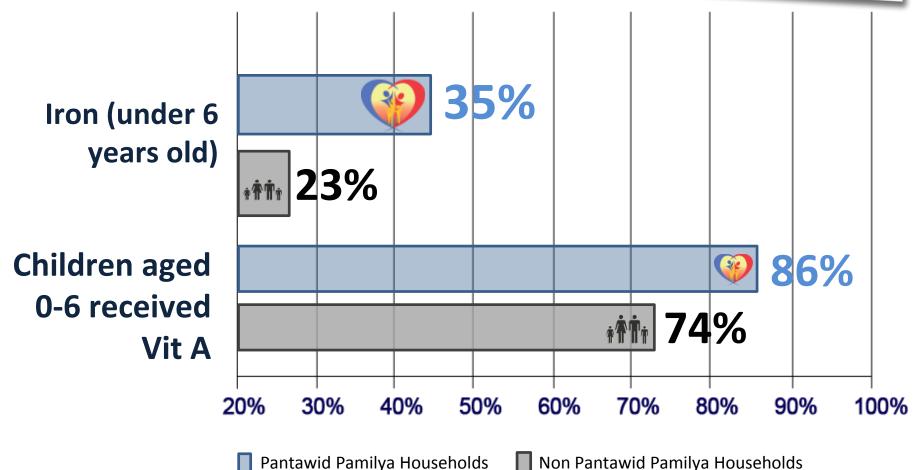






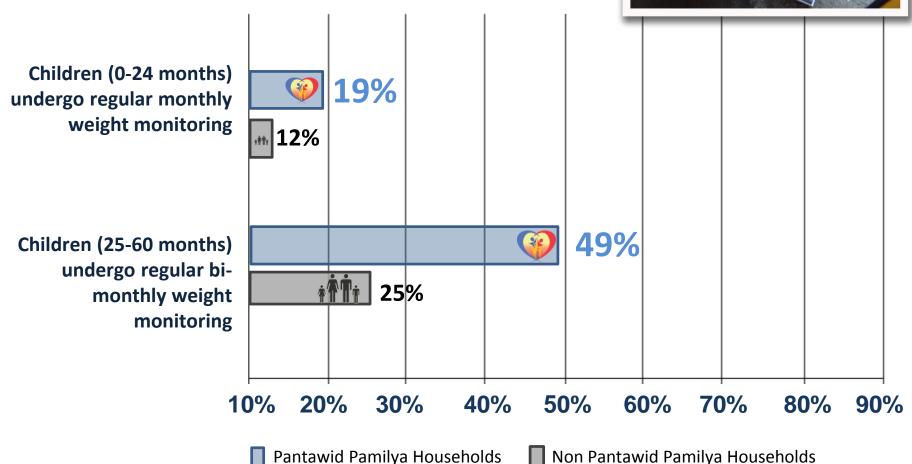
More Pantawid children receive Iron supplements and vitamin A tablets





More Pantawid Pamilya children undergo weight monitoring



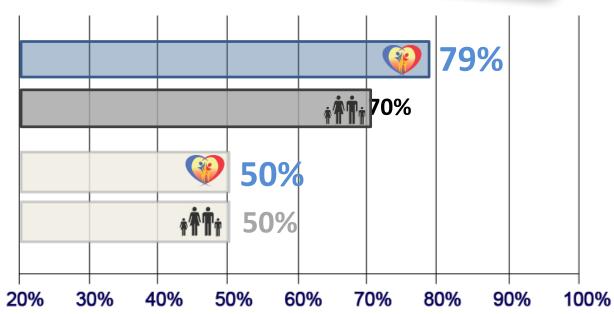


More Pantawid Pamilya children receive deworming pills once a year



Children aged 6-14 receive deworming pills at least 1 a year

children aged 6-14 who received deworming pills twice a year



- Pantawid Pamilya Households
- Non Pantawid Pamilya Households







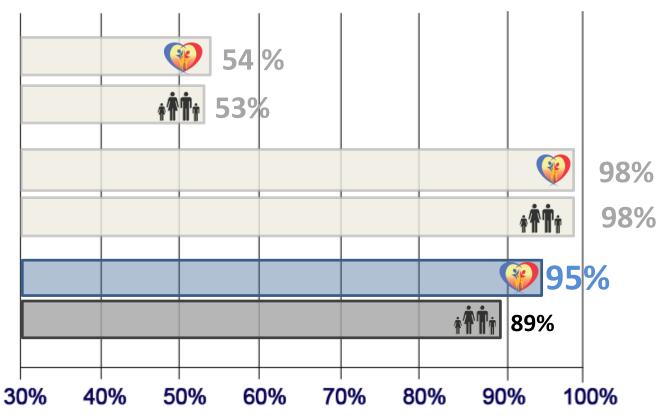


More 12-15 year old Pantawid children enroll in school

Children aged 3-5 enroll in school

Children aged 6-11 enroll in school

Children aged 12-15 enroll in school

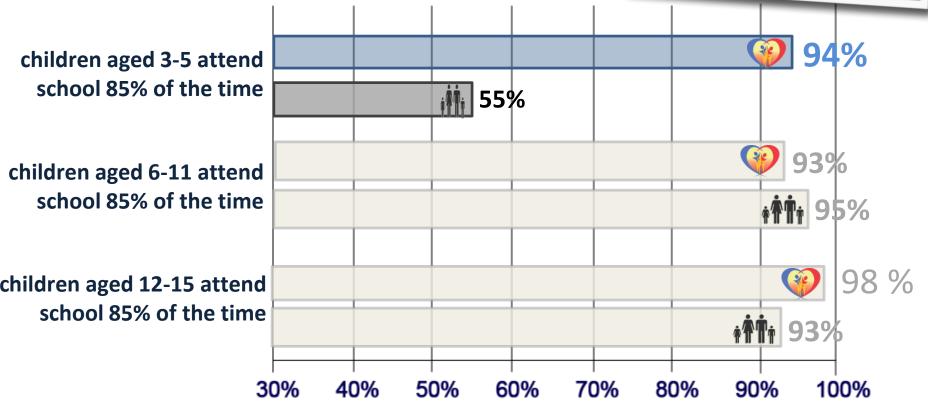


- Pantawid Pamilya Households
- Non Pantawid Pamilya Households

More 3-5 year old Pantawid children attend school 85% of the time



Non Pantawid Pamilya Households



Pantawid Pamilya Households





Pantawid Pamilya families prioritize spending for basic family needs



Pantawid households spend more on education



 Education expenditure in Pantawid households is 82% higher than that of non-Pantawid (annual per school-aged child)



Php 458.42



Php 251.82

No difference in household expenditure on medicine between Pantawid and non-Pantawid households (annual per capita)





Php 35.34

Food consumption of Pantawid households



 No difference in food expenditure between Pantawid and non-Pantawid households (annual per capita)







Other Positive significant results

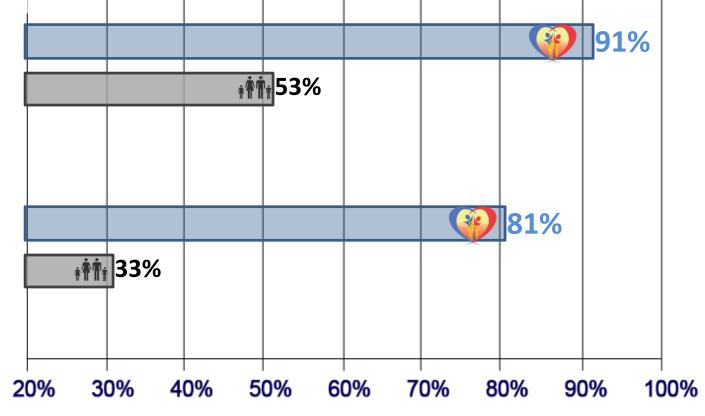
Pantawid Pamilya Households







Awareness of the Family Development Sessions

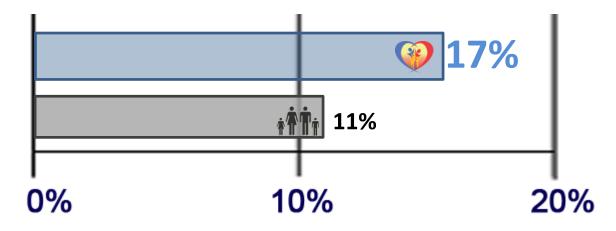


Non Pantawid Pamilya Households

Working-age household members are employed and continue to look for additional work



Household members aged 15 or more are employed and still looking for additional work



Pantawid Pamilya Households

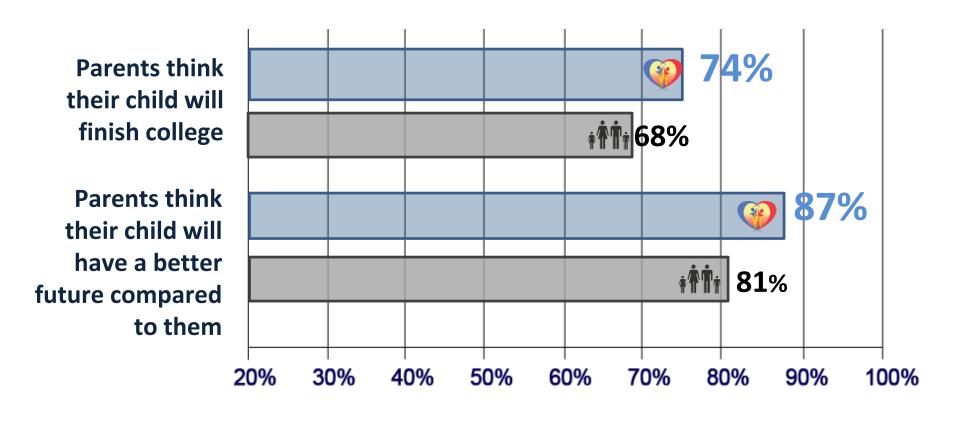
Non Pantawid Pamilya Households



Pantawid Pamilya parents have better outlook on their children's future



Non Pantawid Pamilya Households



Pantawid Pamilya Households



- Pantawid Pamilya program, by extending aid from womb to school, remains on track in keeping children healthy and in school.
- Challenges remain that the program needs to address:
 - Pre-school enrollment
 - Full immunization
 - Twice a year deworming
 - Prescribed number of ante-natal check-ups
 - Utilization of Philhealth benefits



- Strengthen convergence efforts of providing needed services to cover more beneficiaries
- Sharpen messages on the importance of specific interventions
- Compliance monitoring should include the monitoring of specific services availed by the beneficiaries during health center visits
- Review and adjust level of cash grants provided (e.g. for inflation, differential opportunity coby by target beneficiary and by area)



Thank you!